



or may be forfeited by virtue of the provisions of any act or acts hereby suspended and/or restoring that the funds and effects of such bank shall be disposed of in the manner herein prescribed.

The question being taken, after some remarks in opposition by Mr. May, the amendment was negatived—*Ayes 51, noes 62.*

The bill was then ordered to be engrossed and read a third time.

On motion of Mr. Clarke of Surry, the House adjourned.

#### HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 4.—The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Governor transmitting statements showing the condition of the Bank of the Valley on the 15th of October and 2d November last, and a quarterly statement of the condition of the Exchange Bank on the 1st day of October last—Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

#### RELIEF OF THE BANKS.

Mr. Chapman moved that the House, in view of the circumstances attending the failure of the Bank of the Valley, and the bill now before the House, do pass a resolution to the effect that the State should not be party to the bill, and that the amount of compensation should be extended, with the words "In March"—which motion was agreed to.

The bill being on its passage, Mr. Bond moved a reconsideration of the vote, which it was ordered to its appointment, and then moved to instruct the Clerk to lay the bill on the table, which motion prevailed—*Ayes 60, noes 61.*

#### INTEREST IMPROVEMENTS.

Mr. Chapman moved that the House, in view of the fact that the State had been interested in the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road, was not represented to the Committee of Roads, &c., and he moved the suspension of the rule of the House upon the view of admitting another member from the same state.

After some remarks from Mr. Crouch, who spoke in opposition to the bill, containing the number of standing committees, he indicated his assent to the introduction of the bill, and the motion prevailed—*Ayes 60, noes 61.*

Mr. Chapman premised that the State was not more than half represented in the U. S. Senate, he believed not half represented, thought an early election of a representative in that body necessary, and offered the following resolution:

*Resolved*, That the House, by joint vote with the Senate, instruct our Senator to the election of U. S. Senator, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the expiration of the term of Mr. Wm. H. Smith.

Mr. Douglass thought it unfair to enter upon the election at so early a period, as it would be to the convenience of several members to be absent during the session of the day previous to the election, and said the State should not be party to the bill.

Mr. Graves contended that the course pursued by the House was monstrous.

Mr. Douglass moved to defer the resolution to lay the bill on the table, which motion prevailed—*Ayes 60, noes 61.*

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 4.—The House met at twelve o'clock, and the Clerk read the proceedings of Monday as if the House had been organized.

The CLERK then asked leave to make a statement to the House. He said, "I am reason for making it, that 'no man' feels more than I do the delicacy of my position, having for its object the election to-day of a President of the Commonwealth, and the election of a Vice-President, and I have been charged with putting forward an attempt to poison."

PUBLIC PRINTERS.

A message was received from the Senate that it had passed the joint resolution having for its object the election to-day of a President of the Commonwealth, and the election of a Vice-President, and I have been charged with putting forward an attempt to poison."

Mr. Douglass then moved that the Clerk be instructed to inform him of the progress of holding the elections of members of the General Assembly and members of Congress throughout the State on the Court-days in April in each year.

Mr. Smith of L. of W. moved to amend the bill, by striking out the word "respecting," and inserted the words "disuniting," of which amendment Mr. Byrd expressed his assent.

Mr. May said that he had no objection to the term "disuniting" substituted for "disuniting," provided it was used in stead. He was not disposed to inquire into the causes of the evil which had fallen upon the country, but he would not part with the right of ascertaining a remedy for these evils in future.

At Mr. May's instance, Mr. Byrd withdrew his motion, and Mr. May offered the following rider, which he thought would meet the views of the member from Shenandoah and others, who had urged similar objection:

"And provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the Legislature from passing any and every law which may be necessary to the safety and security of the several banks and institutions of this State, if this act should never pass."

Mr. Smith of L. of W. moved to amend the bill, by striking out the word "respecting," and inserted the words "disuniting," of which amendment Mr. Byrd expressed his assent.

Mr. May said that he had no objection to the term "disuniting" substituted for "disuniting," provided it was used in stead. He was not disposed to inquire into the causes of the evil which had fallen upon the country, but he would not part with the right of ascertaining a remedy for these evils in future.

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**WAS LOST**  
On Tuesday November 10th, in the neighborhood of Charlestown, a  
**Fifty Dollar Note, on the Mechanics  
Bank of Baltimore.**  
The finder can retain the owners, and receive a liberal reward by applying to  
**THIS OFFICE**  
Dec. 5, 1839. — J. C. GAIN.

**Talior Wanted.**  
A GOOD situation for a TAILOR is offered at Smalls Point. Early application would be desirable. Apply to  
**J. W. WORTHINGTON,**  
Commissioner's Office, Nov. 23, 1839.

**Private Post-Ride Taxis.**  
TAXIS will be engaged during the winter months, and others who may wish to engage in my care and management my Professional Business, will confer with my Father. Dr. or an agent, of whom he is informed, and will also have the privilege of advertising his name. Other have been introduced whenever it was found possible to carry them and there are but few now that do not consider themselves entitled to a carriage. I have a carriage service, however, which is not equal to the former, but is still available, and the price of which is but little more than the former, and the greater part of which is from regular, though, the most convenient mode of transportation, to the more expensive mode of carriage.

For further information, apply to  
**J. W. WORTHINGTON,**  
Dec. 5, 1839.

**NEW FALL GOODS.**  
WE have just received a large quantity of  
the subject of cultural costume in various  
patterns and newest styles, and it may truth be  
said that no collection of the kind has ever  
been offered to the public at such a low  
price. This article we offer at a very low  
price, and we are confident that it will be  
well received.

For further information, apply to  
**J. W. WORTHINGTON,**  
Dec. 5, 1839.

**WILL give the highest market price in  
Garrison's Room of Dry Goods, fully  
assured of their being well received.**

— JOHN P. BROWN & CO.

**SMALL sized Framed Pictures, neatly  
framed, for sale.**

Nov. 21, 1839.

**NEW GOODS.**

WE have to inform our Clients and  
Friends, that we have just received  
the greatest fruit of those who yield patent  
clothing. It is too much. In their favor, but in  
regard to myself, I am fully persuaded that they  
deserve a preference, than any other, and are  
therefore, well known to all who are  
interested in the subject.

For further information, apply to  
**J. W. WORTHINGTON,**  
Dec. 5, 1839.

**NEW FALL GOODS.**

WE have just received a large quantity of  
seasonable goods.

— HUMPHREY KEYES.

Oct. 24, 1839.

**FRUIT & WHITE**

WE have just received their supply of Fall and  
Winter GOODS. Their talents and the public  
are invited to call and examine their  
stock, as they are determined to sell cheap.

Charlestown, Oct. 17, 1839.

— W. & S. B. ANDERSON.

Harper's Ferry, Oct. 10, 1839.

**JOHN P. BROWN & CO.**

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WE have just received their supply of  
Groceries, Salt, Fish, and Tea,  
Queens', Glass, China, and Tin Ware,  
Bar, Sip, and other articles.

Canning, Hardware, and Cutlery.

Fraction, Parlour, and Tea Plate Stoves,  
Oval and Brass Andirons,

Pewter, Spoons, and Toes, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold to our customers  
and the public on the usual terms. We sell at  
a small profit.

— JOHN P. BROWN & CO.

Charlestown, Nov. 21, 1839.

**JOHN P. BROWN & CO.**

WE have just received their supply of  
Fall and Winter GOODS.

Embracing the greatest variety, being perfectly  
of the most fashionable description, but of  
the most durable and substantial character.

We deem it unnecessary to enumerate all  
articles as this store contains every thing usual

in a well established establishment. His friends and  
public may be assured that he will sell good  
goods at a reasonable price.

Call and see.

— DANIEL G. BENKE.

Charlestown, Oct. 17, 1839.

**NEW FALL GOODS.**

WE have just received from the Eastern  
Markets, we are receiving and sending a  
large and General Stock of New

and old goods.

— JOHN P. BROWN & CO.

Charlestown, Nov. 21, 1839.

**JOHN P. BROWN & CO.**

WE have just received a large  
assortment of Cloth, Linen, and Woolen  
CLOTHES, a large supply and  
great variety of Mourning, Valentine, Silk, and  
COTTON LINEN (many new styles). Also a  
large quantity of Linen, Cotton, and Woolen  
Clothes, together with every article of manufacture  
suitable for the season and of the most recent  
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— J. J. & E. P. MILLER.

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COTTON LINEN (many new styles). Also a  
large quantity of Linen, Cotton, and Woolen  
Clothes, together with every article of manufacture  
suitable for the season and of the most recent  
style. We wish respectfully invite the attention  
of those who are in want of the above arti-

cles.

— J. J. & E. P. MILLER.

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